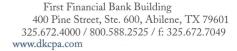


NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Judge and Members of the Commissioners Court Nolan County, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nolan County, Texas (the County) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of September 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the Texas County and District Retirement System trend data on pages iii through ix and 28 through 31 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 2, 2014, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Danis Kinard & Co. PC

Certified Public Accountants

Abilene, Texas December 2, 2014

NOLAN COUNTY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Nolan County's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the County's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. Please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

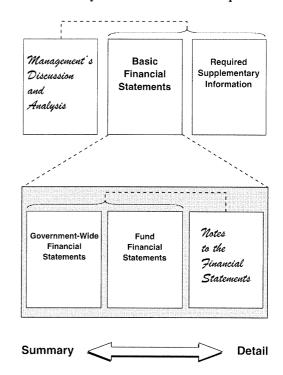
- Nolan County's total combined net position was \$11.9 million at September 30, 2014. Of this amount, \$8.6 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.
- During the year, the County's expenses were \$2.6 million less than the \$12.2 million generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$7.4 million. All \$7.4 million is available for spending at the government's discretion.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the County:

- The first two statements are *Government-Wide* Financial Statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the County's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *Fund Financial Statements* that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the County's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The Governmental Funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary Fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the County acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Figure A-1. Required Components of the County's Annual Financial Report



The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the County's financial statements, including the portion of the County government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

FIGURE A-2								
MAJOR FEATURES OF THE COUNTY'S GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMS Type of Statement Government-Wide Governmental Funds Fiduciary Fund								
Scope	Entire County's government (except fiduciary funds).	The activities of the County that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Instances in which the County is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources					
D . 1.C . 1	Statement of net position	Balance sheet	Statement of fiduciary net position					
Required financial statements	Statement of activities	• Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	Statement of changes in position and liabilities					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual basis accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can					
Type of flow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid					

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Nolan County's finances, using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position (Page 1) presents information on all of Nolan County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether Nolan County's financial position is improving or deteriorating when examined in conjunction with nonfinancial factors. The Statement of Activities (Page 2) presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Nolan County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). Governmental activities include general government, public safety, farm to market roads, health and welfare, economic development, culture and recreation. These activities are financed primarily by property taxes and grants.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund Financial Statements provide more detailed information about the Nolan County's most significant funds – not the County as a whole. Funds are groupings of related accounts that the County uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. Nolan County, like other state and local governments, uses funds to show compliance with finance-related legal requirements as well as to control and manage money for other particular purposes.

The County has two types of funds:

• Governmental funds—Most of the County's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on short-term inflows and outflows of available resources and the balances of these resources that are available at the end of the year. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the Government-Wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations can be found on Pages 5 and 8 of the basic financial statements section.

The County maintains fourteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund statements for the General Fund, the Farm to Market Fund, Debt Service and the Capital Projects Fund because these funds are considered to be major funds. Individual fund data for each of the ten non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided on Pages 29 and 30 to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

• Fiduciary funds—The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position found on Page 9. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY AS A WHOLE

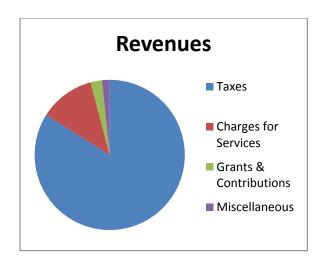
Nolan County's combined net position was approximately \$11.9 million at September 30, 2014. The largest portion of the County's net position reflects its investments, cash and accounts receivable, with the remainder reported as net investment in capital assets.

Table A-1 Nolan County's Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2014	2013		
Current and Other Assets	\$ 8,860,484	\$ 7,144,747		
Capital and Non-Current Assets	13,936,645	7,838,816		
Restricted Assets	5,772,568	11,511,131		
Total Assets	28,569,697	26,494,694		
Current Liabilities	1,750,232	375,860		
Long Term Liabilities	14,961,091	16,883,491		
Total Liabilities	16,711,323	17,259,351		
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,313,137	1,757,509		
Restricted	946,131	815,928		
Unrestricted	8,599,107	6,661,906		
Total Net Position	\$ 11,858,374	\$ 9,235,343		

Changes in Net Position—Nolan County's net position increased by approximately \$2.6 million during the current fiscal year. While property taxes increased by 29.3%, charges for services decreased by approximately 27.4%.

Figure A-3 SOURCES OF REVENUE FOR FISCAL YEAR 2014



Governmental Activities—Total revenues for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2014 were \$12.2 million. Approximately 83% of the County's revenue comes from various taxes. Property tax revenue increased 29.3% due to the additional tax for I & S. Charges for services were 12%, with operating grants and contributions at 2%. Earnings from investments were less than 1%.

Expenses increased by \$536 thousand or 5.9% from the prior year. For the most part, this increase was in general government.

Table A-2 Nolan County's Changes in Net Position

- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9		Percent
	Governmental Activit	ties	Increase
	2014	2013	(-) Decrease
Revenues:			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 1,461,405	\$ 2,012,962	-27.4%
Operating Grants & contributions	298,377	242,093	23.2%
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	10,000,691	7,737,048	29.3%
Other Taxes	258,743	233,425	10.8%
Investment Earnings	59,528	50,798	17.2%
Miscellaneous	144,521	34,035	324.6%
Total Revenues	12,223,265	10,310,361	18.6%
Expenses:			
General Government	1,687,086	1,312,734	28.5%
Judicial Administration	1,048,583	1,035,835	1.2%
Legal	415,344	403,251	3.0%
Financial Administration	450,163	434,535	3.6%
Public Facilities	605,004	580,514	4.2%
Public Safety	2,307,553	2,097,110	10.0%
Farm to Market	1,883,947	1,816,605	3.7%
Health and Welfare	601,648	576,441	4.4%
Extension Service	104,199	116,749	-10.7%
Debt Service Interest Expense	318,910	523,933	-39.1%
Museum and Library-Intergovernmental	177,797	166,944	6.5%
Total Expenses	9,600,234	9,064,651	5.9%
Increase in Net Position	2,623,031	1,245,710	110.6%
Prior period adjustment	· · ·	(8,000)	-100.0%
Beginning Net Position	9,235,343	7,997,633	15.5%
Ending Net Position	\$ 11,858,374	\$ 9,235,343	28.4%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As of the end of the fiscal year, Nolan County's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$13.3 million, a decrease of \$4.6 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 55.9% of this total amount (\$7.4 million) is unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is restricted by legislation and bonds, assigned for specific purposes, and for retirement of long-term debt.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the fiscal year, \$7.4 million, the total fund balance is unassigned. As a measure of the fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 95% of total General Fund expenditures.

Nolan County's' General Fund balance increased by \$1.3 million during the current fiscal year. A key factor in this increase was an increase in tax revenue and operating grants and contributions.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights - Over the course of the year, the County revised its budget several times. With these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$741 thousand under final budgeted amounts.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets—As of September 30, 2014, the County had invested \$13.9 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, roads, bridges and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, retirements, depreciation and adjustments) of \$6 million, or 77% over last year.

Major events affecting capital assets during the year were:

- Construction on Courthouse Façade
- Construction of new jail and sheriff's office
- Machinery and equipment for Farm to Market
- New vehicles and equipment for the Sheriff's Department.

More detailed information about the County's capital assets can be found on page 21.

Table A-3
Nolan County's Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities				
	2014	2013			
Land	\$ 113,975	\$ 113,975			
Construction in Progress	11,273,470	4,888,764			
Buildings and Improvements	4,752,179	4,752,179			
Furniture and Equipment	6,172,374	5,969,422			
Total	22,311,998	15,724,340			
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(8,375,353)	(7,885,524)			
Net Capital Assets	\$ 13,936,645	\$ 7,838,816			

Long Term Debt—At the end of the year, the County had \$16 million in outstanding debt.

Table A-4
The County's Long Term Debt

	Governmental Activities				
Bonds Payable	2014	2013			
	\$ 14,931,000	\$ 15,634,000			
Capital Leases Payable	349,312	431,500			
Bond Premium	707,697	762,135			
Compensated Absences	62,762	55,856			
Total Long-Term Debt Payable	\$ 16,050,771	\$ 16,883,4919			

During the year, Nolan County's debt decreased by \$833 thousand. Debt retirements for the year totaled \$839 thousand. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that a County can issue up to 25% of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation is \$491 million which is significantly higher than the County's outstanding general obligation debt.

More detailed information about the County's long term liabilities can be found in the notes beginning on page 22.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- The appraised value used for the 2015 budget preparation is estimated to be down \$15 million or .78% from 2014.
- The M&O tax rate established for 2015 General Fund and Farm to Market is \$.444773, an increase of \$.001693 from 2014. The new I&S tax rate for 2015 Debt Service Fund is \$.063912.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

These factors and others were taken into consideration when preparing the General Fund budget for the 2015 fiscal year.

Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$9,280,105 an increase of 7% over the 2014 budget of \$8,642,273. Property taxes (benefiting from the 2015 increases in assessed valuations) are expected to lead to this increase.

Budgeted expenditures are expected to rise approximately 14% to \$8,698,228. The largest increments are increases in salary raises, additional Sheriff personnel and liability/property/health insurance. The County has added no major new programs or initiatives to the 2015 budget, with the exception of the new construction.

If these estimates are realized, the County's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to increase.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of Nolan County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Office of the Nolan County Auditor, 100 E. 3rd Street, Suite 102, Sweetwater, Texas 79556.



NOLANCOUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

	Primary Government
	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments - Current Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Capitalized Bond Insurance Costs Restricted Assets:	\$ 8,043,572 5,653 786,857 24,402
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Cash Investments Capital Assets:	920,051 4,852,517
Land Buildings, net Furniture and Equipment, net Construction in Progress	113,975 687,833 1,861,367 11,273,470
Total Assets	28,569,697
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Interest Payable Noncurrent Liabilities Due Within One Year Due in More Than One Year	637,511 23,041 1,089,680 14,961,091
Total Liabilities	16,711,323
NETPOSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted for:	2,313,137
Restricted for Long Term Debt Restricted for Other Purposes Unrestricted Net Position Total Net Position	606,547 339,584 8,599,106 \$ 11,858,374

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

Net (Expense)
Revenue and
Changes in Net
Position

		Program Revenues			Revenues	 Position
		Expenses		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	 Primary Gov. Governmental Activities
Primary Government:						
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES: General Government Judicial Legal Financial Administration Public Facilities Public Safety Farm to Market Health and Welfare Extension Service	\$	1,687,086 1,048,583 415,344 450,163 605,004 2,307,552 1,883,948 601,648 104,199	\$	376,035 250,914 233,907 55,120 15,186 18,618 511,625	\$ 162,682 23,333 30,959 - 42,608 38,795	\$ (1,148,369) (774,336) (150,478) (395,043) (589,818) (2,246,326) (1,333,528) (601,648) (104,199)
Debt Interest Fiscal Agent's Fees Intergovernmental		316,860 2,050 177,797		- - -	- - -	(316,860) (2,050) (177,797)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	9,600,234	\$	1,461,405	\$ 298,377	 (7,840,452)
	General Revenu	es:				
	Proper Proper Hotel/M Other Ta Miscelland	ty Taxes, Le ty Taxes, Le otel Tax	vied vied	d for General P I for Farm to M I for Debt Serv	arket	7,539,842 1,189,732 1,271,117 175,645 83,098 144,521 59,528
	Total Ge	eneral Reven	ues			 10,463,483
	Net Position - B	Change in N	let P	osition		2,623,031 9,235,343
	Net PositionE	nding				\$ 11,858,374

NOLANCOUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

	General Fund	Farm to Market Fund	D	ebt Service Funds
ASSETS	 		****	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,485,665	\$ 522,899	\$	-
Investments - Current	3,363	2,290 29,651		12.077
Taxes Receivable	214,615			13,075
Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (credit) Receivables (Net)	(163,107) 670,455	(21,052) 2,047		(131) 1,304
Restricted Assets	070,433	2,047		1,304
Cash and Cash Equivalents		_		43,178
Investments - Current	_	-		-
Total Assets	\$ 8,210,991	\$ 535,835	\$	57,426
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 95,585	\$ 14,446	\$	-
Wages and Salaries Payable	 23,333	-		_
Total Liabilities	118,918	14,446		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	51,508	8,599		12,944
Unavailable Fines and Fees	 622,649	 -		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 674,157	 8,599		12,944
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted Fund Balance	-	-		-
Enabling Legislation	-	-		-
Capital Projects	-	-		-
Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	-		44,482
Assigned Fund Balance Farm to Market	-	512,790		-
Other Purposes	_	-		_
Unassigned Fund Balance	7,417,916	-		-
Total Fund Balances	 7,417,916	 512,790		44,482
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 8,210,991	\$ 535,835	\$	57,426

	Capital Projects		Other Funds	(Total Sovernmental Funds
\$	-	\$	35,008	\$	8,043,572
	-		-		5,653
	-		-		257,341
	-		=		(184,290)
	-		40,000		713,806
	-		-		-
	-		876,873		920,051
	4,851,394		1,123		4,852,517
\$	4,851,394	\$	953,004	\$	14,608,650
\$	486,893	\$	17,254	\$	614,178
Ψ		Ψ	17,237	Ψ	23,333
	486,893		17,254		637,511
					72.051
	-		-		73,051
					622,649
	-		-		695,700
	-		-		-
	-		339,584		339,584
	4,364,501		_		4,364,501
	-		562,065		606,547
	_		-		_
	-		-		512,790
	-		34,101		34,101
	-				7,417,916
	4,364,501		935,750		13,275,439
\$	4,851,394	\$	953,004	\$	14,608,650

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 13,275,439
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$15,724,340 and the accumulated depreciation was \$7,885,524. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to decrease net position.	(9,018,396)
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2014 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.	7,449,492
The 2014 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(512,037)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	663,876
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 11,858,374

$NOLANCOUNTY, TEXAS \\ STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE \\ GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

	General Fund	Farm to Market Fund	Debt Service Funds	
REVENUES:				
Taxes:				
Property Taxes	\$ 7,544,524	\$ 1,189,364	\$ 1,258,358	
Hotel/Motel Tax	-	-	-	
Other Taxes	83,098	-	-	
Licenses and Permits	55,120	358,826		
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants	259,583	38,794	-	
Fines & Fees	704,300	152,799	-	
Investment Earnings	47,469	5,059	1,040	
Rents and Royalties	15,186	-	-	
Other Revenue	140,434	162	_	
Total Revenues	8,849,714	1,745,004	1,259,398	
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
General Government	1,607,365	**	_	
Judicial	1,013,954	-	-	
Legal	387,092	-	-	
Financial Administration	450,163	-	-	
Public Facilities	517,476	-	-	
Public Safety	2,105,389	-	-	
Farm to Market	-	1,671,884	-	
Health and Welfare	601,648	•	-	
Extension Service	104,199	-	-	
Debt Service:				
Debt Principal	-	82,188	650,000	
Interest Expense	-	10,788	589,684	
Fiscal Agent's Fees	-	-	1,550	
Capital Outlay:				
Capital Outlay	78,180	146,980	-	
Intergovernmental: Intergovernmental	177,797	_	_	
Total Expenditures	7,043,263	1,911,840	1,241,234	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)	1,806,451	(166,836)	18,164	
Expenditures	1,000,431	(100,830)	18,104	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers In		500,000	-	
Transfers Out (Use)	(505,000)	_	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(505,000)	500,000	_	
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,301,451	333,164	18,164	
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	6,116,465	179,626	26,318	
r and Datance - October 1 (Deginining)	0,110,403	1/9,020	20,318	
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$ 7,417,916	\$ 512,790	\$ 44,482	

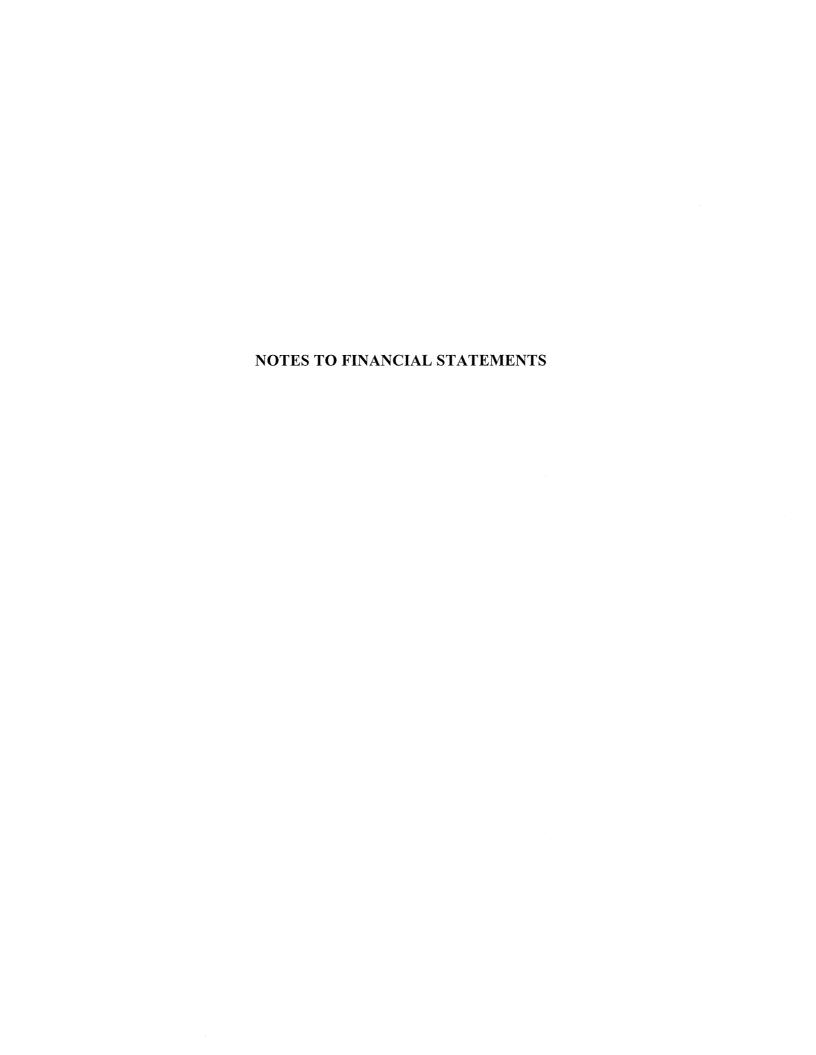
Capital Projects		Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	- \$	-	\$ 9,992,246
	-	175,645	175,645
	-	-	83,098
	-	-	413,946 298,377
	_	127,886	984,985
2,3	879	3,081	59,528
,	_	-,	15,186
		3,924	144,520
2,8	879	310,536	12,167,531
	_	50,403	1,657,768
	-	34,629	1,048,583
	-	28,252	415,344
	-	-	450,163
	-		517,476
	-	12,130	2,117,519
	-	-	1,671,884 601,648
	-	-	104,199
			,
	-	53,000	785,188
	-	18,020	618,492
	-	500	2,050
6,384,7	706	-	6,609,866
		_	177,797
6,384,7	706	196,934	16,777,977
(6,381,82	27)	113,602	(4,610,446)
	-	5,000	505,000
amus - m		-	(505,000)
	_	5,000	_
(6,381,82	27)	118,602	(4,610,446)
10,746,3	328	817,148	17,885,885
\$ 4,364,5	501 \$	935,750	\$ 13,275,439

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (4,610,446)
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2014 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase the change in net position.	7,449,492
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease the change in net position.	(512,037)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing deferred revenue as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, eliminating interfund transactions, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase the change in net position.	296,022
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,623,031

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

	Agency Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 962,515
Total Assets	\$ 962,515
LIABILITIES	
Due to Other Governments	\$ 83,742
Due to Others	878,773
Total Liabilities	\$ 962,515



I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The authority of county governments and their specific functions and responsibilities are created by and dependent upon laws and legal regulations of the Texas State Constitution and Vernon's Annotated Civil Statutes (V.A.C.S.).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The County's modified accrual financial statements include the cash accounts of all funds handled by the Office of the County Treasurer. The County's major activities or functions include public safety (sheriff and ambulance), parks and libraries, public health and social services, construction and maintenance of roads, and general administrative services. The County operates under a county judge/commissioners' court type of government as provided for by state statute. The Commissioners' Court has governance responsibilities over all activities related to the County. The County receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. Because members of the Commissioners' Court are elected by the public; have the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations; and have the primary accountability for fiscal matters, the County is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity". There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the County's nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, fines and fees, grants and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the program, and b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds and proprietary funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for the County's operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The County considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

I. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>, continued

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

The County prepares its governmental fund financial statements on the modified accrual basis of accounting using the current financial resources measurement focus. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

The County reports deferred inflows of resources on its governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows of resources arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in current period. Deferred inflows of resources also arise when resources are received by the County before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the deferred inflows of resources is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

The Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position.

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. Separate funds are established to account for receipts and disbursements pertaining to separate identifiable functions of the County. Each fund represents a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenue, and expenditures. As a result, total receipts and disbursements by the County Treasurer are accumulated for report purposes with no elimination of interfund transactions.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- **General Fund** To account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available for any purpose, provided it is expended or transferred in accordance with the legally adopted budget of the County.
- Farm to Market To account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for expenditures for public transportation for County citizens.

I. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>, continued

E. FUND ACCOUNTING, continued

- Capital Projects Fund The proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions are accounted for in a capital projects fund.
- **Debt Service Fund** To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Additionally, the County reports the following non-major fund types:

Governmental Funds:

- Special Revenue Fund To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted for expenditures for specified purposes.
- Coliseum Debt Service Fund To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Fiduciary Fund Types:

• Trust and Agency Funds - To account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurements of results of operations.

F. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- 1. The County considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.
- 2. In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.
- 3. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

I. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>, continued

F. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

3. Capital assets include land, buildings, furniture and equipment and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, vehicles, furniture and equipment of the County are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements	20-30
Furniture and Equipment	5-12
Vehicles and Heavy Equipment	5-12

4. The County provides statutory workers' compensation insurance for its employees through Texas Association of Counties ("TAC"), a joint insurance fund, in which the County is a member. Health insurance is provided to the County's employees through a licensed insurer authorized by Article 3.51-2 Texas Insurance Code by contractual agreement.

G. FUND BALANACES

Nolan County elected to implement GASB No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental fund Type Definitions, in fiscal year 2011. The fund financial statements will present fund balances classified in a hierarchy based on the strength of the constraints governing how these balances can be spent. These classifications are listed below in descending order of restrictiveness:

- Non-spendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they: (a) are not in spendable form (e.g., inventories and prepaid items); (b) are not expected to be converted into cash within the current period or at all (e.g., long-term receivables); or (c) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (e.g., the non-spendable corpus of an endowment). The County has not reported any amounts as non-spendable.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts subject to usage constraints that have either been: (a) externally imposed by creditors (e.g., through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments: or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

I. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>, continued

F. FUND BALANCES, continued

Nolan County reported the following restricted fund balances:

Debt Service Fund	\$ 606,547
Records Management	109,365
Courthouse Security	145,652
Courthouse Technology	84,567
Capital Projects	 4,364,501
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 5,310,632

- Committed: This classification includes amounts that are constrained to use for specific
 purposes pursuant to formal action of Commissioners' court. These amounts cannot be used
 for other purposes unless the Court removes or changes the constraints via the same type of
 action used to initially commit them. Nolan County has not reported any amounts that are
 considered to be committed.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts intended by the County for use for a specific purpose but which do not qualify for classification either restricted or committed. The intent can be expressed by Commissioners' Court or by a Court designee (e.g., a department head). This classification applies to the positive unrestricted and uncommitted fund balances of all governmental funds except the General Fund. The County reported the following amounts as assigned:

Jury Fund	\$ 4,406
Law Library Fund	15,290
Hot Check Fund	14,326
D.A.R.E. Fund	79
Farm to Market	512,790
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 546,891

• Unassigned: This classification applies to the residual fund balance of the General Fund and to any deficit fund balances of other governmental funds.

Nolan County will typically use restricted, committed and/or assigned fund balances, in that order, prior to using unassigned resources, but it reserves the right to deviate from this general strategy when appropriate.

Nolan County will maintain General fund unassigned fund balance at a level adequate to provide for unanticipated expenditures of a non-recurring nature and to meet unexpected increases in service delivery costs. The target level for General Fund unassigned fund balance will be three to six months of budgeted General Fund expenditures.

H. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from estimates.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Page 5 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net position for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The details of capital assets and long-term debt at the beginning of the year were as follows:

Capital Assets at the Beginning of the Year	Historic Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Value at the Beginning of the Year	Change in Net Position
Land Construction in Progress Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment	\$ 113,975 4,888,764 4,752,179 5,969,422	\$ 4,004,503 3,881,021	\$ 113,975 4,888,764 747,676 2,088,401	\$
Capitalized Bond Insurance Cost Change in Net Position	\$ 15,724,340	\$ 7,885,524	\$ 7,838,816	7,838,816 26,279 7,865,095
Long-term Liabilities at the Beginning of the Year	-		Payable at the Beginning of the Year	
Bonds Payable Capital Leases Payable Compensated Absences Bond Premium			\$ 15,634,000 431,500 55,856 762,135	
Change in Net Assets			\$ 16,883,491	(16,883,491)
Net Adjustment to Net Position				\$ (9,018,396)

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued

B. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Pages 5 and 7 provide reconciliations between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the changes in net position of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that current year capital outlays and debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. This adjustment affects both the net position and the change in net position. The details of this adjustment are as follows:

	Amount		djustments to Changes in Net Position		Adjustments to Vet Position
Current Year Capital Outlay					
Buildings and Improvements	\$ _				
Furniture and Equipment	225,160				
Construction in Progress	 6,384,706				
Total Capital Outlay	\$ 6,609,866	\$	6,609,866	\$	6,609,866
Debt Principal Payments					
Bond Principal	\$ 703,000				
Capital Lease Principal	82,188				
Bond Premium Amortization	 54,438				
Total Principal Payments	\$ 839,626	parameter and	839,626	***************************************	839,626
		\$	7,449,492	\$	7,449,492

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued

B. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued

Another element of the reconciliations on Pages 5 and 7 is described as various other reclassifications and eliminations necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. This adjustment is the result of several items. The details for this element are as follows:

				djustments Changes In Net	Adjustments to
	A	Amount		Position	Net Position
Adjustments to Tax Revenue and Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Taxes collected from prior year levies Uncollected taxes (assumed collectible) from	\$	61,906	\$	(61,906)	\$ -
current year levy Uncollected taxes (assumed collectible) from		20,088		20,088	20,088
prior year levy Adjustment to prior year estimate of collectible		52,963			52,963
taxes		50,264		50,264	
Subtotal			*************	8,446	73,051
Adjustments to Other Deferred Inflows of Resources and Revenues					
Beginning balance for uncollected fines and fees Change in uncollected fines and fees		575,361 47,288		47,288	575,361 47,288
Subtotal				47,288	622,649
Adjustments to Expenses and Liabilities					
Beginning interest payable Interest payable		272,112 (23,041)		272,112 (23,041)	(23,041)
Increase in compensated absences		6,906		(6,906)	(6,906)
Decrease in prepaid bond insurance cost		1,877		(1,877)	(1,877)
Subtotal				240,288	(31,824)
Total Adjustments			\$	296,022	\$ 663,876

III. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

Legislation was passed in 1979 and amended in 1981 by the Texas Legislature which affects the methods of property assessment and tax collection in the County. This legislation, with certain exceptions, exempts intangible personal property, household goods and family-owned automobiles from taxation. In addition, this legislation creates a "Property Tax Code" and provides, among other things, for the establishment of countywide Appraisal Districts and for the State Property Tax Board that commenced operation in January 1980.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments

The funds of the County must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the County's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect County funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

At September 30, 2014, the carrying amount of the County's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$8,963,623 and the bank balance was \$9,203,789. The County's deposits as of September 30, 2014 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's bank in the County's name.

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the County to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

IV. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS</u>, continued

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, continued

Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments, continued

TexPool is organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, which is authorized to operate TexPool. In addition, the TexPool Advisory Board advises on TexPool's Investment Policy. This Board is composed equally of participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool who are qualified to advise TexPool.

TexPool is subject to annual review by an independent auditor consistent with the Public Funds Investment Act. KPMG Peat Marwick, 111 Congress Avenue, Suite 1100, Austin, Texas 78701 performs the annual audit. In addition, TexPool is subject to review by the State Auditor's Office and by the Internal Auditor of the Comptroller's Office.

Investments held by the County at September 30, 2014 consisted of the following:

Tex Pool

\$ 4,858,170

Policies Governing Deposits and Investments

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the County adopted a deposit and investment policy; however, that policy does not address the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County was not exposed to custodial credit risk since its deposits at year-end and during the year ended September 30, 2014 were covered by depository insurance or by pledged collateral held by the County's agent bank in the County's name.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are subject to custodial credit risk only if they are evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Thus positions in external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The County's securities are all in securities backed by the United States of America and are not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Other Credit Risk - There is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. To minimize credit risk, TexPool's investment policy allows the portfolio's investment manager to only invest in obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies' repurchase agreements; and noload AAAm money market mutual funds registered with the SEC. As of September 30, 2014 TexPool's investments credit quality rating was AAAm (Standard & Poor's).

TexPool manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to 90 days. TexPool also seeks to maintain a constant dollar objective.

The County's general policy is to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with the market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest earning investment contracts.

IV. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS</u>, continued

B. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There were no Interfund Receivables at September 30, 2014.

C. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfer from:	Transfer to:	Amo	unt	Purpose
General Fund	Farm to Market	500,000		Operating expenses
General Fund	Jury Fund		5,000	Operating expenses
Total Transfers		\$ 505,000		=

D. DISAGGREGATION OF RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at September 30, 2014, were as follows:

	Property	Fines &		Hotel	
	 Taxes	 Fees	M	otel Tax	 Totals
Governmental Activities					
General Fund	\$ 214,615	\$ 3,866,660	\$	-	\$ 4,081,275
Farm to Market	29,651	2,047			31,698
Debt Service	 13,075	 1,304		40,000	 54,379
Total Governmental Activities	257,341	3,870,011		40,000	4,167,352
Allowance for Uncollectible	(184,290)	(3,196,205)		-	(3,380,495)
Net Receivables	\$ 73,051	\$ 673,806	\$	40,000	\$ 786,857

Payables at September 30, 2014 reported on the County's fund statements were as follows:

	Accounts	Salaries	
	Payable	Payable	Totals
Governmental Activities			
General Fund	\$ 95,585	\$23,333	\$118,918
Farm to Market	14,446	-	14,446
Capital Projects	486,893	_	486,893
Other Funds	17,254	***	17,254
Total Governmental Activities	\$614,178	\$ 23,333	\$637,511
	-		_
Amounts not scheduled for payment during the subsequent year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

IV. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS</u>, continued

E. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the County for the year ended September 30, 2014 was as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	October 1,				September 30,
	2013	Additions	Re	tirements	2014
Governmental Activities:					
Non-depreciable Assets:					
Land	\$ 113,975	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 113,975
Construction In Progress	4,888,764	6,384,706		-	11,273,470
Total Non-depreciable Assets	 5,002,739	 6,384,706		_	 11,387,445
Depreciable Assets:					
Buildings and Improvements	4,752,179	_		_	4,752,179
Furniture and Equipment	 5,969,422	 225,160		22,208	 6,172,374
Total Depreciable Assets	 10,721,601	 225,160		22,208	 10,924,553
Totals at Historic Cost	15,724,340	6,609,866		22,208	22,311,998
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings and Improvements	4,004,503	59,843		_	4,064,346
Furniture and Equipment	3,881,021	452,194		22,208	4,311,007
Total Accumulated Depreciation	 7,885,524	 512,037		22,208	 8,375,353
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 7,838,816	\$ 6,097,829	\$	_	\$ 13,936,645

Current year depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 22,412
Public Facilities	87,528
Public Safety	190,033
Farm to Market	212,064
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 512,037

F. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end as reported on Page 3-4 of the Funds Statements consisted of the following:

	_	eneral Fund	to Market Fund		t Service Fund	motors.	Total
Net Tax Revenue	\$	51,508	\$ 8,599	\$	12,944	\$	73,051
Net Fines & Fees Revenue Total Deferred Inflows of		622,649		***************************************			622,649
Resources	\$	674,157	\$ 8,599	\$	12,944	\$	695,700

Adjustments required for Government-Wide Statement of Net Position decreased deferred inflows of resources by \$695,700.

IV. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS</u>, continued

G. ACCUMULATED UNPAID ANNUAL LEAVE

Accumulated unpaid annual leave amounts are not accrued in governmental funds using the modified accrual basis of accounting, but are reflected in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. At September 30, 2014, accrued employee benefits recorded on the Statement of Net Position were for vacation pay and amounted to \$62,762.

H. CAPITAL LEASES

During the year ended September 30, 2013, the County entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$225,000 for the purchase of a Caterpillar Motor Grader. Interest is at a fixed rate of 2.5%. The County will make four payments of \$48,480.89 and one payment of \$48,480.86 to be paid in annual payments, including interest. The lease term is from 2013 to 2018. The lease agreement meets the criteria of a capital lease.

During the year ended September 30, 2013, the County entered into a lease agreement in the amount of \$206,500 for the purchase of a Caterpillar Motor Grader. Interest is at a fixed rate of 2.5%. The County will make four payments of \$44,494.68 and one payment of \$44,494.67 to be paid in annual payments, including interest. The lease term is from 2013 to 2018. The lease agreement meets the criteria of a capital lease

Capital Lease requirements are as follows:

Year Ended						Total
September 30,]	Principal	II	nterest	Req	uirements
2015	\$	84,242	\$	8,734	\$	92,976
2016		86,349		6,627		92,976
2017		88,508		4,468		92,976
2018		90,213	***************************************	2,761		92,974
Total	\$	349,312	\$	22,590	\$	371,902

I. BONDS PAYABLE

In April 2006, the County issued Certificates of Obligation in the amount of \$800,000 for paying all or a portion of the County's contractual obligations in connection with making renovations and additions to the Nolan County Coliseum, and to pay legal, fiscal and engineering fees in connection with that project.

During the year ended September 30, 2013 the County issued General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$15,210,000. The bonds are direct obligations of the County, payable from a continuing annual ad valorem tax levied on all taxable property within the County, within the limits prescribed by law.

IV. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS</u>, continued

I. BONDS PAYABLE (continued)

The proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be used for the purpose of (1) constructing and equipping a new county jail and Sheriff's Department, including land located west of the City of Sweetwater, (2) renovating and remediating the courthouse façade; and (3) payment of professional services and costs of issuance related thereto.

The following are Certificates of Obligation bond issues outstanding at September 30, 2014:

	Interest Date of		Date of		Bonds
	Rate	issue	Maturity	C	Outstanding
Certificates of Obligation	4.250%	2006	2020	\$	371,000
GO Bonds Series 2012	2-3%	2012	2028		9,090,000
GO Bonds Series 2013	2-3%	2013	2028		5,470,000

Debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ended	Total	Total	Total		
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Requirements		
2015	\$ 951,000	\$ 366,817	\$ 1,317,817		
2016	968,000	346,387	1,314,387		
2017	990,000	325,523	1,315,523		
2018	1,013,000	304,172	1,317,172		
2019	1,031,000	282,345	1,313,345		
2020-2024	5,263,000	1,062,165	6,325,165		
2025-2028	4,715,000	288,225_	5,003,225		
Total	\$ 14,931,000	\$ 2,975,634	\$ 17,906,634		

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS, continued

J. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term debt activity for the year ended September 30, 2014, was as follows:

		eginning Balance ectober 1, 2013	Additions	Reductions	S	Ending Balance eptember 30, 2014		ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:			 					
Bonds, Loans and Leases Payable:								
Certificates of Obligation Bonds	\$	424,000	\$ -	\$ 53,000	\$	371,000	\$	56,000
Capital Leases Payable		431,500	-	82,188		349,312		84,242
GO Bonds	15	,210,000	-	650,000	14	,560,000		895,000
Bond Premium		762,135	_	54,438		707,697		54,438
Total Bonds, Loans and Lease Payable		,827,635	-	 839,626	15	5,988,009	1	,089,680
Other Liabilities:								
Compensated Absences		55,856	6,906			62,762		
Total Governmental Activities		33,630	 0,500	 -		02,702		
Long-term Liabilities	\$1	6,883,491	\$ 6,906	\$ 839,626	\$1	6,050,771	\$	1,089,680

K. RISK MANAGEMENT

Health Insurance

During the year ended September 30, 2014, employees of Nolan County were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The County paid health insurance premiums of \$565.70 per month for employees only. The County also paid \$21.98 per month for employee dental care. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll to pay any additional cost for dependent coverage. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

Workers' Compensation

During the year ended September 30, 2014, employees of Nolan County were covered by a workers' compensation plan administered by the Texas Association of Counties. The County paid a contribution of \$70,015 for the year ended September 30, 2014. These figures are subject to change based upon actual payroll figures.

IV. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS</u>, continued

L. RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description:

The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit plan in the state-wide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of 641 nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 78768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at age 60 and above with 10 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 10 years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Funding Policy:

The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (Variable Rate) plan provision of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The employer contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 10.22% for the months of the accounting year in 2013 and 10.85% for the months of the accounting year in 2014.

The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2014 is the rate of 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

If a plan has had adverse experience, the TCDRS Act has provisions that allow the employer to contribute a fixed supplemental contribution rate determined by the System's actuary above the regular rate for 25 years or to reduce benefits earned in the future.

Annual Pension Cost:

For the employer's accounting year ending September 30, 2014, the annual pension cost for the TCDRS plan for its employees was \$389,326 and the actual contributions were \$389,326. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method.

IV. <u>DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS</u>, continued

L. RETIREMENT PLAN, continued

The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2013 included (a) 8.0 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), and (b) projected salary increases of 4.9 percent. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.0 percent. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2013 was 20 years.

Funded Status and Funding Progress.

As of December 31, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 78.91 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$11,029,056, and the actuarial value of assets was \$8,703,094, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,325,962. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,883,264 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 59.90 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Valuation Information:

Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/11	12/31/12	12/31/13
Actuarial cost method	entry age	entry age	entry age
Amortization method	level percentage	level percentage	level percentage
	of payroll, closed	of payroll, closed	of payroll, closed
Amortization period	20 years	20 years	20 years
Asset valuation method	SAF: 10 years	SAF: 10 years	SAF: 5 years
	smoothed value	smoothed value	smoothed value
	EFS: Fund value	EFS: Fund value	EFS: Fund value
Actuarial Assumptions			
Investment Return	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%
Projected salary increases	5.4%	5.4%	4.9%
Inflation	3.5%	3.5%	3.0%
Cost-of-living adjustments	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Trend Information for the Retirement Plan for the Employees of Nolan County, Texas

	Annual	Percentage of	
Accounting	Pension	APC	Net Pension
Year Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
9/30/12	329,152	100%	-0-
9/30/13	349,814	100%	-0-
9/30/14	389,326	100%	-0-

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS, continued

M. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Contingencies

The County participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies: therefore, to the extent that the County has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the County, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

B. Litigation

The County Attorney has indicated that there is no pending litigation against the County.

V. <u>UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS</u>

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, an amendment of GASB Statement 27. This Statement requires governments providing defined benefit pension plans to recognize their long-term obligation for pension benefits as a liability on the statement of net position and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. This Statement will require the County to record a liability and expense equal to their proportionate share of the collective net pension liability and expense for the TCDRS plan. This Statement requires the use of the entry age normal method to be used with each period's service cost determined as a level percentage of pay and requires certain other changes to compute the pension liability and expense. This Statement also requires revised and new note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI) to be reported by employers. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The County will fully analyze the impact of this new Statement prior to the effective date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM TREND DATA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREMENT PLAN FOR THE EMPLOYEES OF THE COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

		Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded		Annual	Percentage
Actuarial	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
Valuation	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	((b-a)/c)
12/31/11	8,431,533	10,493,510	2,061,977	80.35%	3,827,515	53.87%
12/31/12	8,870,497	11,173,677	2,303,180	79.39%	3,765,970	61.16%
12/31/13	8,703,094	11,029,056	2,325,962	78.91%	3,883,264	59.90%

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

		Budgeted A	Amou	ints	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget	
	C	Priginal		Final				sitive or legative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes:							_	
Property Taxes	\$	7,507,970	\$	7,507,970	\$	7,544,524	\$	36,554
Other Taxes		60,000		60,000		83,098		23,098
Licenses and Permits		51,000		51,000		55,120		4,120
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		224,333		224,333		259,583		35,250
Fines & Fees		706,100		706,100		704,300		(1,800)
Investment Earnings		25,000		25,000		47,469		22,469
Rents and Royalties		15,420 72,450		15,420 72,450		15,186 140,434		(234) 67,984
Other Revenue		72,430		72,430		140,434		07,984
Total Revenues		8,662,273		8,662,273		8,849,714	***************************************	187,441
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General Government		1,925,496		1,958,841		1,607,365		351,476
Judicial		1,090,291		1,090,312		1,013,954		76,358
Legal		420,795		420,795		387,092		33,703
Financial Administration		476,607		476,607		450,163		26,444
Public Facilities		595,929		595,929		517,476		78,453
Public Safety		2,233,286		2,223,695		2,105,389		118,306
Health and Welfare		547,423		609,239		601,648		7,591
Extension Service		127,580		127,580		104,199		23,381
Capital Outlay:								
Capital Outlay		37,000		88,620		78,180		10,440
Intergovernmental:								
Intergovernmental		192,957		192,957		177,797		15,160
Total Expenditures	<u></u>	7,647,364		7,784,575		7,043,263	***************************************	741,312
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,014,909		877,698		1,806,451		928,753
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In		100,000		100,000		_		(100,000)
Transfers Out (Use)		(110,000)		(610,000)		(505,000)		105,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(10,000)		(510,000)		(505,000)		5,000
Net Change		1,004,909		367,698		1,301,451		933,753
-								955,155
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		6,116,465		6,116,465		6,116,465		-
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	7,121,374	\$	6,484,163	\$	7,417,916	\$	933,753

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FARM TO MARKET

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

						Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
	444.44	Budgeted	Amou	nts	G/	AAP BASIS		
L	(Original		Final	(See Note)	(N	egative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes:								
Property Taxes	\$	1,184,687	\$	1,184,687	\$	1,189,364	\$	4,677
Licenses and Permits		400,000		400,000		358,826		(41,174)
Intergovernmental Revenue and Grants		30,000		30,000		38,794		8,794
Fines & Fees		131,500		131,500		152,799		21,299
Investment Earnings		3,000		3,000		5,059		2,059
Other Revenue		1,000		1,000		162		(838)
Total Revenues		1,750,187		1,750,187		1,745,004		(5,183)
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Farm to Market		1,908,006		1,908,006		1,671,884		236,122
Debt Service:								•
Debt Principal		-		-		82,188		(82,188)
Interest Expense		-		-		10,788		(10,788)
Capital Outlay:								
Capital Outlay		250,000		250,000		146,980		103,020
Total Expenditures		2,158,006		2,158,006		1,911,840		246,166
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(407,819)		(407,819)		(166,836)		240,983
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In				-		500,000		500,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	***************************************	-		-		500,000		500,000
Change in Fund Balance	***************************************	(407,819)		(407,819)		333,164		740,983
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)		179,626		179,626		179,626		
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	(228,193)	\$	(228,193)	\$	512,790	\$	740,983

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

I. BUDGETARY DATA

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these basic financial statements:

- 1. The County Judge, as budget officer, with the assistance of the County Auditor, prepares a budget to cover all proposed expenditures and the means of financing them, for the succeeding year and delivers the proposed budget to Commissioners' Court.
- 2. Commissioners' Court holds budget sessions with each department head.
- 3. Commissioners' Court holds budget hearings for the public at which all interested persons' comments concerning the budget are heard.
- 4. Commissioners' Court formally adopts the budget in the open court meeting.
- 5. The adopted budget becomes the authorization for all legal expenditures for the County for the fiscal year. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.
- 6. The formally adopted budget may legally be amended by commissioners in accordance with article 689A-11 or 689A-20 of Vernon's Annotated Civil Statutes.

An appropriate resolution (the appropriated budget) to control the level of expenditures must be legally enacted on or about September 1. The County maintains its legal level of budgetary control at the department level. Amendments to the 2014 budget were approved by the Commissioners' Court as provided by law. The Farm to Market Fund had expenditures over appropriations during the year ending September 30, 2014 in the line items of debt service. The lease payments are budgeted as farm to market expenses and not broken out as principal and interest. For report purposes those are shown separately. Over all the expenditures did not exceed the budget.



NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

		Jury Fund	I	Law Library Fund	Hot Check Fund	Ε	O.A.R.E. Fund
ASSETS							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,406	\$	15,290	\$ 15,233	\$	79
Receivables (Net)		-		-	-		-
Restricted Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		-	-		-
Investments - Current		-		-	-		-
Total Assets	\$	4,406	\$	15,290	\$ 15,233	\$	79
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 907	\$	=
Total Liabilities		_			 907		_
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted Fund Balance		-		-	-		-
Enabling Legislation		-		-	-		-
Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		_	-		-
Assigned Fund Balance		-		-	-		_
Other Purposes		4,406		15,290	14,326		79
Total Fund Balances	***************************************	4,406		15,290	 14,326		79
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,406	\$	15,290	\$ 15,233	\$	79

Re	County Records Management		nty Clerk ecords	Clerk	istrict Records agement	ourthouse Security Fund	Te	County chnology Fund	Total Nonmajor Special venue Funds	Coliseum Debt S Service Fund		Gov	Total onmajor rernmental Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 35,008	\$	40,000	\$	35,008 40,000
	7,133		93,867		8,365 -	161,999 -		84,567	355,931		520,942 1,123		876,873 1,123
\$	7,133	\$	93,867	\$	8,365	\$ 161,999	\$	84,567	\$ 390,939	\$	562,065	\$	953,004
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 16,347	\$	-	\$ 17,254	\$	-	\$	17,254
-	-		-			 16,347		_	 17,254		-		17,254
	-		-		-	-		-	-		-		-
	7,133		93,867		8,365	145,652		84,567 -	339,584		562,065		339,584 562,065
	-		-		-	-		-	- 34,101		-		34,101
	7,133		93,867		8,365	 145,652		84,567	 373,685		562,065		935,750
\$	7,133	\$	93,867	\$	8,365	\$ 161,999	\$	84,567	\$ 390,939	\$	562,065	\$	953,004

NOLAN COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

		Jury Fund	Lib	aw rary und	Cł	Hot neck und		.A.R.E. Fund
REVENUES:								
Taxes: Hotel/Motel Tax	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Fines & Fees	Ψ	299	Ψ	6,020	Ψ	29,613	Ψ	_
Investment Earnings		31		-				-
Other Revenue		2,924		-		_		1,000
Total Revenues	*********	3,254		6,020		29,613		1,000
EXPENDITURES:								
Current: General Government Judicial		6,750		- 5,598		- - 24,959		- -
Legal Public Safety		-		-		24,959		1,017
Debt Service:								1,017
Debt Principal		_		_		_		-
Interest Expense		_		-		_		_
Fiscal Agent's Fees		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		6,750		5,598		24,959		1,017
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(3,496)	***************************************	422		4,654		(17)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers In		5,000		_		_		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		5,000		-				_
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,504		422		4,654		(17)
Fund Balance - October 1 (Beginning)	#015-F31/971	2,902		14,868		9,672		96
Fund Balance - September 30 (Ending)	\$	4,406	\$	15,290	\$	14,326	\$	79

County Records Management	County Clerk Records Management	ecords Clerk Records		Courthouse County Security Technology Fund Fund		Coliseum Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ - 7,506 - - 7,506	\$ - 57,244 404 - 57,648	\$ - 5,912 - - 5,912	\$ - 12,946 - 12,946	\$ - 8,346 - - 8,346	\$ 127,886 435 3,924 132,245	\$ 175,645 - 2,646 - 178,291	\$ 175,645 127,886 3,081 3,924 310,536
27,590 - -	22,813 - -	3,293 -	- 22,281 -	- - 11,113	50,403 34,629 28,252 12,130	- - -	50,403 34,629 28,252 12,130
27,590	22,813	3,293	22,281	- 11,113	125,414	53,000 18,020 500 71,520	53,000 18,020 500 196,934
(20,084)	34,835	2,619	(9,335)	(2,767)	6,831	106,771	113,602
(20,084)	34,835 59,032	2,619 5,746	(9,335)	(2,767)	5,000 5,000 11,831 361,854	106,771 455,294	5,000 5,000 118,602 817,148
\$ 7,133	\$ 93,867	\$ 8,365	\$ 145,652	\$ 84,567	\$ 373,685	\$ 562,065	\$ 935,750

NOLANCOUNTY, TEXAS

${\bf COMBINING\,STATEMENT\,OF\,CHANGES\,IN\,ASSETS\,AND\,LIABILITIES} \\ {\bf ALL\,AGENCY\,FUNDS}$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

		ALANCE CTOBER 1 2013	ΑI	ODITIONS	DE	EDUCTIONS		ALANCE EMBER 30 2014
UNCLAIMED MONEY			······································					
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	97	\$	_	\$	-	\$	97
Liabilities:			Bostowan					
Due to Others	\$	97	\$	-	\$	-	\$	97
TRUST & AGENCY								
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	70,634	\$	274,061	\$	260,953	\$	83,742
Liabilities:								
Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments	\$	9,593 61,041	\$	274,063	\$	9,593 251,362	\$	92 74
		 					Φ.	83,742
Total Liabilities	\$	70,634	\$	274,063	\$	260,955	\$	83,742
RESTITUTION FUND Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	139,918	\$	48,993	\$	25,749	\$	163,162
Liabilities:		·						
Due to Others	\$	139,918	\$	48,993	\$	25,749	\$	163,162
EXTRADITIONS FUND								
Assets:		4.5.04.6		< 0.10				10.50
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	15,913	\$	6,913	\$	3,222	\$	19,604
Liabilities: Due to Others	\$	15,913	¢	6,913	C	3,222	¢	10.60
Due to Others	<u>Ψ</u>	13,913	D	0,913	—	3,444	\$	19,604
DISTRICT ATTORNEY FUNDS Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	163,372	\$	227,263	\$	152,847	\$	237,788
Liabilities:								
Due to Others	\$	163,372	\$	227,263	\$	152,847	\$	237,788
SHERIFF FORFEITURE								
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	137,843	\$	185,476	\$	238,725	\$	84,594
Liabilities: Due to Others	\$	137,843	\$	185,476	C	238,725	\$	84,594
Due to Others	<u> </u>	157,645	—	163,470	<u> </u>	230,723	3	04,394
TAX ASSESSOR COLLECTOR FUNDS Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	165,437	\$	2,952,471	\$	2,927,943	\$	189,965
Liabilities: Due to Others	\$	165,437	\$	2,952,471	\$	2,927,943	\$	189,965
	***************************************	- , '		, -, -, -		,,.	-	

NOLANCOUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALLAGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

		ALANCE TOBER 1 2013	ΑI	DDITIONS	DE	DUCTIONS	 ALANCE TEMBER 30 2014
COUNTY COURT FUNDS							
Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	93,652	\$	26,169	\$	85,032	\$ 34,789
Liabilities:	***************************************						
Due to Others	\$	93,652	\$	26,169	\$	85,032	\$ 34,789
COUNTY COURT FUNDS Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	148,756	\$	42,257	\$	42,239	\$ 148,774
Liabilities: Due to Others	\$	148,756	\$	42,257	\$	42,239	\$ 148,774
TOTAL AGENCY FUNDS Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	935,622	\$	3,763,603	\$	3,736,710	\$ 962,515
Liabilities: Due to Other Funds	\$	9,593	\$	_	\$	9,593	\$ -
Due to Other Governments Due to Others		61,041 864,988		274,063 3,489,542		251,362 3,475,757	83,742 878,773
Total Liabilities	\$	935,622	\$	3,763,605	\$	3,736,712	\$ 962,515







INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Judge and Members of Commissioners Court Nolan County, Texas:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nolan County, Texas (County), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 2, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Danis Kinard & Co. PC

Abilene, Texas December 2, 2014